

CANADA'S IMMIGRATION

Increased by About Sixty Per Cent in Past Six Months.

That Canada is at war is now more fully appreciated on this side of the boundary line, now that the United States has stepped alongside its northern neighbor and linked hands in the great struggle for a freer democracy throughout the civilized world. As a result of this a greater interest than ever is seen in the mutual effort to develop both the United States and Canada. Recently, just before the time that the United States declared its intention to enter the contest and contribute of its resources to the defeat of the autocracy, whose design was to permeate the world, Western Canada made an appeal for farm labor to till the fields and prepare the soil for the crops of grain that were necessary to feed the fighting forces and keep up the requirements necessary for the Allies. The responses were so great that before half the time limit expired, over six thousand laborers were secured. This was not sufficient, but once the United States was declared to be in a condition of war, and farm labor required here to meet any exigency as to short rations that might arise, the sister to the north, withdrew from attempts, which might mean a restriction of the farm labor supply in the United States. But even with this it is thought Canada will now be fairly well supplied.

Apart, however, from the farm labor proposition, it is gratifying from both a United States and Canadian point of view that the immigration of farmers to take up homestead lands and to purchase improved and unimproved land in Canada, has shown such a wonderful increase in the past three months. The great struggle for increasing the food supply has a broader and greater significance than ever. The food must come into existence, whether the rich soils of the United States or those of Canada be the factor.

It is altogether probable that the action of the Canadian Government in taking the duty off wheat going into Canada, thus automatically lifting the duty off that coming into the United States, may not be responsible for an increased immigration to Canada. Canada's reputation for growing larger average yields and a better quality of grain, and on lands, many of which are free, as well as those that range from \$15 to \$35 an acre, is an appeal that is being responded to by farmers who are now renting high-priced lands, is another reason for expecting an increasing number of farmers from the United States.

Mr. W. D. Scott, Superintendent of Immigration at Ottawa, Canada, recently gave out figures concerning immigration from the United States, which shows that the increase in the past three or four months was 60 per cent over the same period last year, and Mr. Scott forecasts that during the calendar year of 1917 there will be over one hundred per cent increase and be much heavier than for many years past. Mr. Scott declares that already this spring more settlers' effects have entered Canada than crossed during the whole of last year, and the movement has just merely started.

The new settlers are coming from numerous states through the ports of Emerson, North Portal and Coutts, as well as from Oregon and Washington, through Kingsgate and Vancouver.

There arrived in Saskatchewan during the year ending December 31, 1916, a total of 8,136 persons as compared with 5,312 during the twelve months previous. At the same time nearly twice as many immigrants passed through the immigration department at Edmonton, Alberta, in the last twelve months as for the same period of the year before.

The number of settlers from Eastern Canada migrating to the west also increased. From January 1 to March 31, 1917, the number of cars of stock that passed through the Winnipeg yards was 750, as compared with 361 last year. A fair estimate of the value of each car would be about \$2,000, which means that the west has secured additional live stock to the value of \$150,000 or more, during the first three months of 1917, not taking into account that brought in by immigrants from the United States.—Advertisement.

Amateur Gardening.

"Planted anything in your garden yet?" "Both rubbers, two pencils and a fountain pen."

One bottle of Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" will save you money, time, anxiety and health. One dose sufficient, without Castor Oil in addition. Adv.

English as She Is Spoke.

"That was a great send-off they gave Jabbs."

"Yes, if there is no come-back to it."

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The antiseptic powder to be shaken into shoes and sprinkled into the foot-bath. It relieves painful, swollen, smarting feet and takes the sting out of corns and bunions. The greatest comfort ever discovered for all foot-aches. Sold everywhere, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.—Adv.

Pies are just as good today as were those made when we were children. The change is in the eaters.

Broad things may be cut from other people's leather.

After the Movie Is for Tired Eyes.

Red Eyes—Sore Eyes—Granulated Eyelids—Blepharitis—Restorine. Restorine is a favorite treatment for eyes that feel tired and smart. Give your eyes a pinch of Restorine after each movie and you will find it a great relief. You cannot buy new eyes! Ask for Restorine at drug and optical stores or by mail. Ask for Restorine at drug and optical stores or by mail. Ask for Restorine at drug and optical stores or by mail.

Annual Flowering Plants

By L. C. CORBETT
Horticulturist, Bureau of Plant Industry
U. S. Department of Agriculture

AGERATUM

"For strengthening the garden's color forces in blue, no annual is so good as the ageratum." Though ordinarily used in bedding and borders in contrast with such plants as geraniums, perillae, amaranthus, etc., the rose, white, and blue ageratum are exceedingly attractive when mingled with alyssum, candytuft, and similar



Ageratum.

plants. They grow well upon almost all soils and through a wide range of climate; for that reason many combinations with them are possible. The plants are neat, bushy, and erect, with a continual profuse clustering of pretty brushlike flowers throughout the season. The dwarf blue sorts make fine borders and are much used where contrasting color effects are desired. For early bloom the seed should be sown in cold frames or in boxes in the house early in the season—March—but for summer and fall bloom the seeds may be sown in well prepared beds in the open. Seeds grown in August will produce good plants for winter flowering.

SUNFLOWER
(Helianthus)

These tall-growing, bright-flowered annual plants have not received the attention they deserve. They have suffered the misfortune of having been cheapened by use as a burlesque. In reality, however, the tall-growing, large-flowered sorts, as well as the dwarf, many-flowered varieties, are useful when skillfully employed in mixed plantations with other herba-



Sunflower.

ceous annuals. The golden yellow disks are like sunbursts among the shrubbery. The tall habit of the plant and the dense foliage of some varieties suit them well for backgrounds and screens. Their long stems and extraordinary lasting qualities make them of value as cut flowers.

The seed should be planted in the open garden in spring, at about the same time that corn is planted, and the plants thinned to stand from two to four feet apart, according as the plant is dwarf or tall growing. There is wide variation in the height and habit of growth of the different varieties, which range from two to ten feet in height, with from one to many flowers.

CASTOR BEAN
(Ricinus)

The castor-oil plant, commonly spoken of as the castor bean, is especially valuable because it is one of the few annuals which can be used to produce a semitropical effect. Its rapid growth and large size make it valuable as the central object in groups where rich, luxuriant growth is required. The variety of color in the foliage of the different sorts of castor



Castor Bean.

bean is of value in giving contrast, and when used in combination with cannas, caladiums, coleus, or scarlet sage most striking effects of contrast can be produced. As a background for lower-growing plants the castor bean has no equal among garden annuals. Only the annual climbing vines, when pro-

vided with suitable supports, equal it as a low screen. It can be used with good effect in groups, as masses along shrubbery borders, or as belts for covering and shutting out an undesirable view.

At the North the castor bean is most satisfactory when started in March or early in April in a gentle heat. A hotbed, greenhouse or living room can be made use of for the purpose. As soon as the first true leaves have formed, the young plants should be pricked out into small boxes or pots, where they should be kept growing slowly until all danger of frost has passed, when they may be transferred to the open. After transplanting the young plants, it is desirable that they have sufficient room to prevent them from growing too tall and consequently from losing their lower leaves.

If planted in the open ground at the same time garden beans are planted, the castor bean will make a growth of from four to six feet by the middle of August. This plant loves a rich soil, plenty of moisture, full sunlight and great heat. The varieties range in height from three to ten feet and have leaves of corresponding size.

CALIFORNIA POPPY
(Eschscholtzia)

The eschscholtzia is the state flower of California, an annual of striking character both as regards the form and color of its flowers, which are bright and rich in their tints of yellow and orange. The plants average about a foot in height, have attractive silvery foliage, and produce their large poppy-like flowers quite lavishly from early



California Poppy.

spring until frost. They are most effective when grown in beds of considerable size, over which the seed may be thinly sown broadcast and lightly raked in. These sowings may be made early in spring, or late in autumn for earlier germination and bloom the next spring. The eschscholtzia is also very useful as a pot plant and for cut flowers.

SWEET PEAS
(Lathyrus odoratus)

The sweet pea during the last decade has been greatly modified and improved by careful selection and cultivation, the flowers being larger and more varied in color and marking than formerly. The result is that the sweet pea has come to be one of the most popular annual flowering plants. It repays well the attention given it. The flowers are well suited for bouquets, and lend themselves well to table decoration. While the climbing habit of the plant is such as to prevent its use in groups and borders, its height is not sufficient to allow its use as a cover or screen for a lattice. The most satisfactory method of growing it is in long rows provided with rabbit-netting wire, supported by strong anchor posts and intermediate



Sweet Pea.

stakes, to prevent the wire from sagging between its supports. Sweet peas require a soil deeply tilled and well supplied with plant food. A satisfactory method is to open a trench about a foot wide and ten inches deep in rich garden loam, in the bottom of which about three inches of well-rotted manure is placed, with two inches of fine top soil scattered immediately over it. Upon this bed sow the peas in double rows about eight inches apart, the seeds being placed from half an inch to an inch apart in the row. Cover the seed about three inches deep, and after the young plants appear and have attained sufficient height fill the trench completely.

As the sweet pea can hardly be placed in the soil too early in the spring, all general preparatory work should be done in the autumn, and the seeds sown as early in March as practicable. In sections with a winter temperature less severe than that of Washington the best results will undoubtedly be obtained from fall sowing.

Had Enough.

"Oh, curse these organ recitals," cried the student, as the zoology lecturer reached for another cat.—Proth.

YES! LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN!

Cincinnati man tells how to dry up a corn or callus so it lifts off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezone applied directly on a tender, aching corn or callus, stops soreness at once and soon the corn or hardened callus loosens so it can be lifted off, root and all, without pain.

A small bottle of freezone costs very little at any drug store, but will positively take off every hard or soft corn or callus. This should be tried, as it is inexpensive and is said not to irritate the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.—adv.

The Value of Second Thought.

The other night a friend of ours went to a formal party, all duded up for the occasion. He had blown himself for a new silk hat, in fact, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Presumably he had a good time at the party. When he left, he was jaunty—so much so that he made a literal faux pas, which means a false step. He slipped on the sidewalk and sat down on that perfectly good silk hat.

He was good and mad. The hat was new, and fitted him perfectly. He swore with great bitterness and for several minutes. But that did him no good. It was after he had ceased to curse that a bright thought struck him. He looked at the bum lid closely. He smiled.

He sneaked back into the house he had just left, laid the ruined chapeau on a chair in the hall, took his own hat from the peg where it was hanging—and left again.

SOFT, CLEAR SKINS

Made So by Daily Use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment—Trial Free.

The last thing at night and the first in the morning, bathe the face freely with Cuticura Soap and hot water. If there are pimples or dandruff smear them with Cuticura Ointment before bathing. Nothing better than Cuticura for daily toilet preparations.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

To Dynamite a Stream.

The editor of a Jersey newspaper, a thorough sportsman, is said to have received this query from a reader:

"Please advise me how to dynamite a stream."

The newspaper man sent the following advice:

"Four sticks of dynamite are sufficient. Tie them securely around your neck, attach fuse, light it and run as fast as you can away from the water to avoid injuring the other snakes and reptiles."—All Outdoors.

The purgative forces within the body usually need help in spring. WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS make Nature's efforts easy, because they are tonic as well as laxative. Adv.

Safety First.

"What are you going to tell your constituents when you get home?"

"Hadin' thought of that," replied the congressman who speaks impulsively; "I'm waiting to see whether it will be safe for me to go home."

Possibly the man who grows about the washday dinner would find it more pleasing to his taste if he had done the washing.

Druggist's Customers Praise Kidney Medicine

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is the best seller on the market today in this locality. I believe it is all that is claimed, and during my experience of eight years in handling it as a kidney, liver and bladder remedy I have never heard a single complaint and know that it has produced very beneficial results in many cases, according to the reports of my customers who praise it highly.

Very truly yours,
HERBERT S. MAXWELL,
Druggist.

June 5, 1916. Plymouth, Mass.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Many a man has been convicted of forgery because he took Solomon's advice and chose a good name for himself.

Over 20
Secrets
Dr. Little Liver Pills
have been on the
market 72 years.
Must have merit as
a Liver Pill?
Buy them
try them

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Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

NORTHERN VIRGINIA FARMS
Cheap, productive land near good markets. Write me your wants. R. N. WELSH, BRANDON, V.A.

W. N. U., CINCINNATI, NO. 21-1917.

Women of Middle Age

Many distressing Ailments experienced by them are Alleviated by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Here is Proof by Women who Know.



Lowell, Mass.—"For the last three years I have been troubled with the Change of Life and the bad feelings common at that time. I was in a very nervous condition, with headaches and pain a good deal of the time so I was unfit to do my work. A friend asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I did, and it has helped me in every way. I am not nearly so nervous, no headache or pain. I must say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best remedy any sick woman can take."—Mrs. MARGARET QUINN, Rear 259 Worthen St., Lowell, Mass.

She Tells Her Friends to Take Lydia E. Pinkham's Remedies.

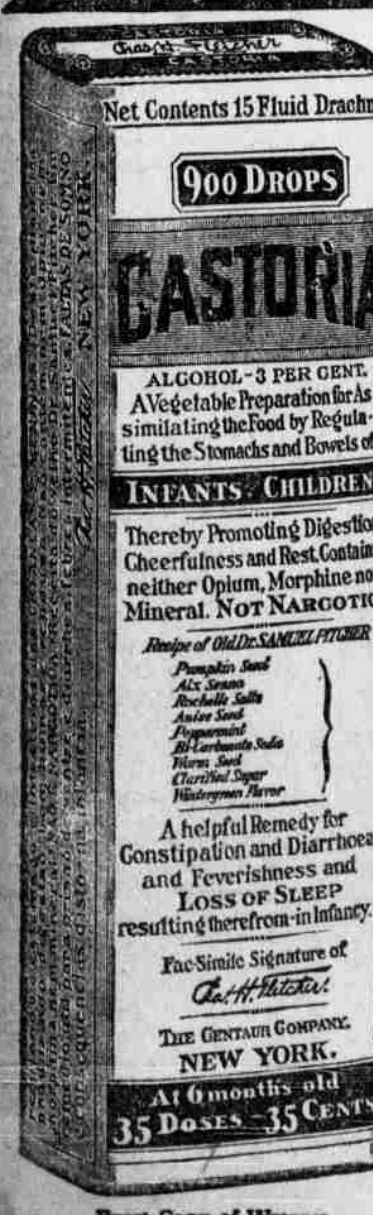
North Haven, Conn.—"When I was 45 I had the Change of Life which is a trouble all women have. At first it didn't bother me but after a while I got bearing down pains. I called in doctors who told me to try different things but they did not cure my pains. One day my husband came home and said, 'Why don't you try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash?' Well, I got them and took about 10 bottles of Vegetable Compound and could feel myself regaining my health. I also used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash and it has done me a great deal of good. Any one coming to my house who suffers from female troubles or Change of Life, I tell them to take the Pinkham remedies. There are about 20 of us here who think the world of them."—Mrs. FLORENCE ISLELL, Box 197, North Haven, Conn.

You are Invited to Write for Free Advice.

No other medicine has been so successful in relieving woman's suffering as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Women may receive free and helpful advice by writing the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. Such letters are received and answered by women only and held in strict confidence.

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Mr. Farmer—Why not combine labor saving greater efficiency and productivity—meaning larger profits and bank account? By owning one of our Tractors you can plow, harrow, cultivate, harrow and do any kind of farm labor. Attached to your FORD or any automobile in 20 minutes and less time to take off. Costs but \$100.00 complete. Positive guarantee for one year with every Tractor. Write NOW for full particulars. We will consider appointing a few more agencies.
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Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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